

## Interim financial results for FY2009

- IR presentation -

The Hiroshima Bank, Ltd.



December 8, 2009
President Isao Sumihiro



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広島銀行

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## (1) Summary of $\langle STEPS \rangle$ (FY2009 ~ FY2011)



In 2008, regional economy deteriorated due to deterioration of economy and market confusion

Under our assumption that it will take time for the economy to recover, we have decided to revise our business strategies with consideration for the changes in the management environment.

Finish the previous 3-year mid-term management plan (FY07 ~ FY09) in FY08 (2 years)

## New Mid term Management Plan < STEPS > (From FY 2009 to FY 2011)

Establish strong operational base in region and profitability for achieving sustainable growth in future

Build strong relationship with customers

Establish solid operational base

Enhance sustainable profitability

Strengthen capital base

#### Action Slogan of STEPS

S ··· "Start Action"

T ··· "Try Best"

E ··· "Energize Persons"

P ··· "Positive Thinking"

Satisfy Customers"



## (2) Earning estimate of < STEPS >

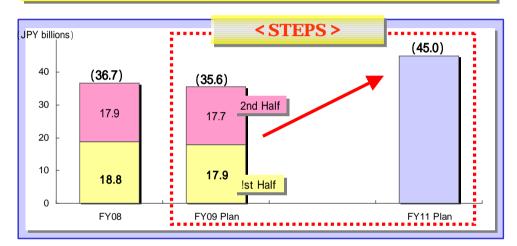


We pursue sustainable growth of profits based on strong and solid operational base in region.

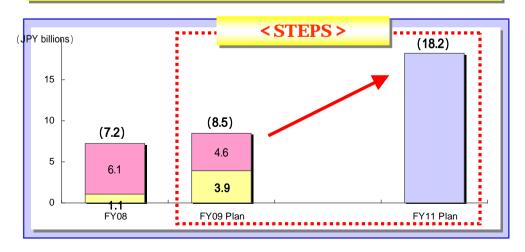
#### Earning estimate for FY 2011

Real banking profit	More than	JPY 45.0 billion
Net income (Non-consolidated)	More than	JPY 17.7 billion
Net income (Consolidated)	More than	JPY 18.2 billion
Core OHR	Less than	57.5 %
Capital adequacy ratio (Consolidated)	More than	11.0 %
Tier1 ratio (Consolidated)	More than	8.0 %

#### Real Banking Profit (Plan)



#### Consolidated Net Income (Plan)







## 2. Summary of Interim Financial Results

(FY 2009)



## (1) Financial highlights for interim FY2009



- Real banking profit · · increased JPY 1.0 billion mainly due to decrease in expenses.
- Interim net income · · · increased JPY 3.7 billion mainly due to decrease in credit

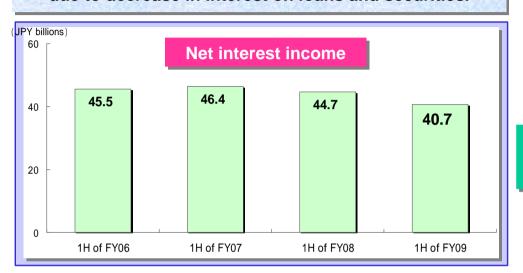
			1st half of	(JPY billion )		
			FY09	Change from	1st half of FY08	Difference from the initial plan
		Net interest income	40.7	-4.0	-	0.3
		Net fees and commissions income	8.0	-2.1	-	-0.2
		Core gross operating profit	48.7	-6.1	- 11.1%	0.1
		Expenses	30.1	-0.5	-	-0.6
_		Core banking profit	18.6	-5.6	- 23.1%	0.7
		Gains/Losses from securities	1.2	6.6	-	1.2
		Real banking profit	19.8	1.0	5.3%	1.9
		Credit costs	9.0	-7.9	-	-1.0
		Gains/Losses on stocks	-0.7	-1.5	-	-0.7
		Ordinary profit	7.8	5.9	310.5%	1.4
		Interim net income	4.8	3.7	336.4%	1.0



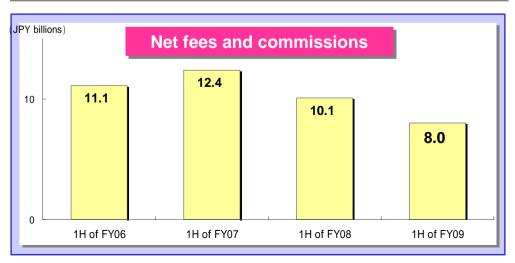
## (2) Breakdown of profit



Net interest income decreased by JPY4.0 billion mainly due to decrease in interest on loans and securities.

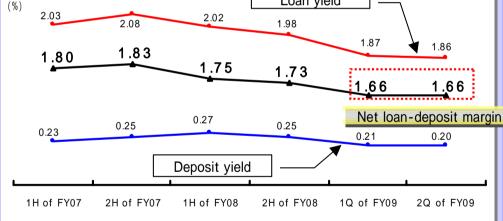


Net fees and commissions income decreased by JPY2.1 billion mainly due to decrease in income on retail asset management and investment banking.



#### Breakdown of change in interest income

		1st half of FY09	(JPY billions)	
		ist hall of F109	yoy change	
	Interest on loans	40.2	-3.6	
	Intereset on securities	8.6	-1.6	
	Intereset on deposits	5.3	-1.5	
	Other interest expenses	2.8	0.3	
	Net interest income	40.7	-4.0	
(%	′ 0.00	Loan yield		



#### Breakdown of change in net fees and commissions

	1st half of	(JPY billions)	
	FY09	yoy change	
Investment Banking	0.9	-0.3	
Retai asset management	2.6	-1.3	
Net fees and commissions	8.0	-2.1	





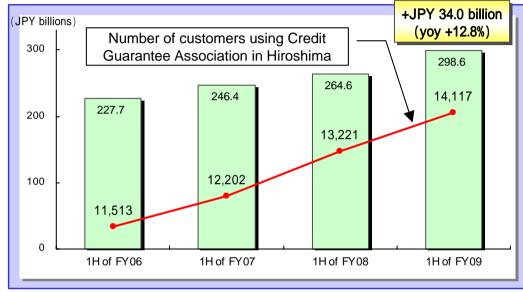
## (3) Loans



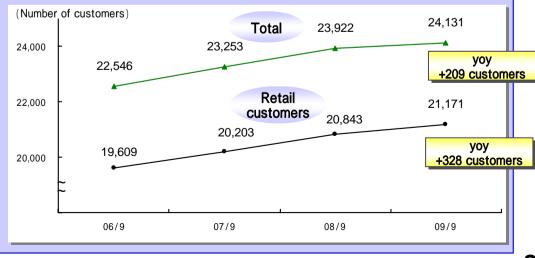
- Total loans (Corporate / Personal) steadily increased.
- The number of corporate loan customers turned to upward trend, mainly in retail customers.

#### Average balance of total loans +JPY 29.6 billion (yoy +0.7%)(JPY billions) (4,371.9)(4,401.5)(4,299.4)3,314.1 3,311.4 3.260.6 (3,987.5)4.000 2.993.4 3.000 Corporate +JPY 2.7billion (yoy +0.1%)2,000 1,000 1,087.4 1,060.5 1.038.8 994.1 Personal +JPY 26.9 billion (yoy +2.5%)1H of FY06 1H of FY07 1H of FY08 1H of FY09 ■ Personal loans Corporate loans

## Average balance of loans under the guarantees by Credit Guarantee Association



#### **Number of corporate loan customers**

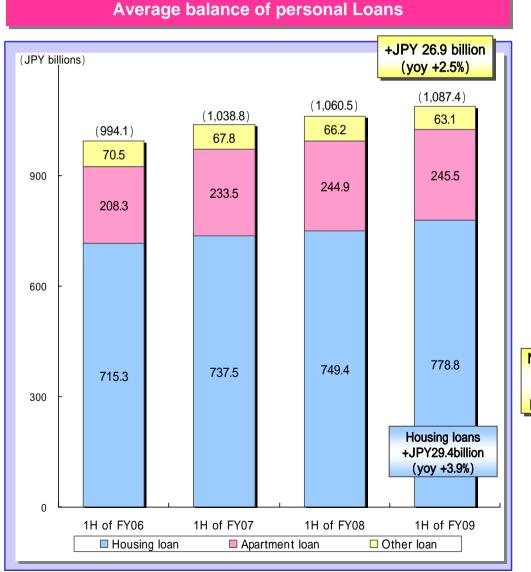


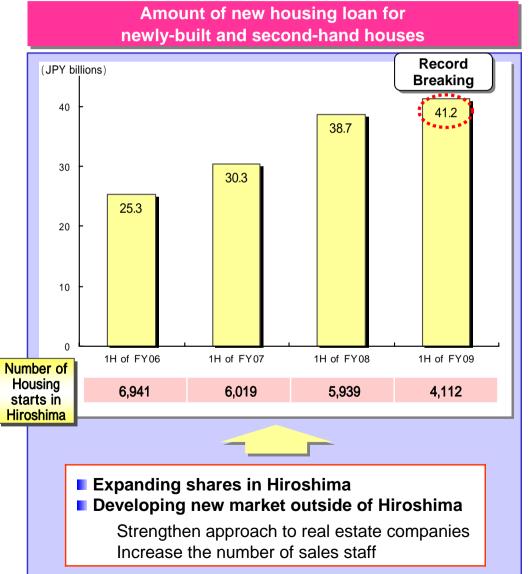


## (4) Personal Loans



- Personal loans has steadily increased mainly by increasing housing loans.
- Amount of new housing loan for newly-built and second-hand houses reached record breaking level.





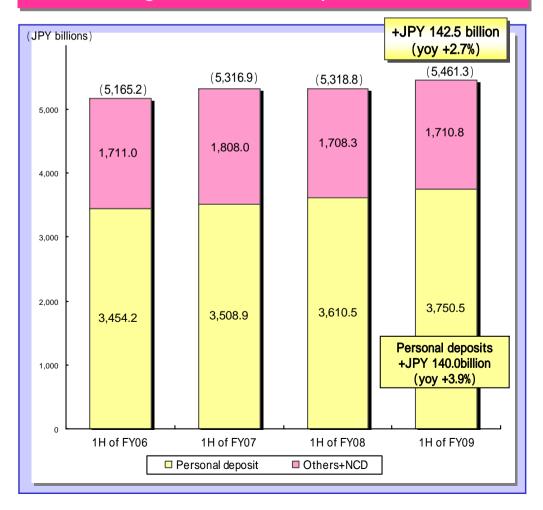


## (5) Deposits + NCD

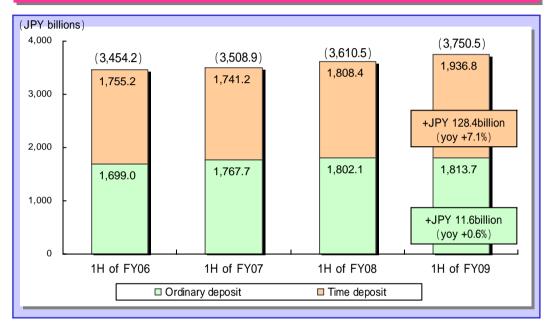


- Average balance of deposit steadily increased mainly in personal deposit (yoy +JPY140.0billion).
- As stable and low-cost funding, we continue to increase the overall balance of deposit.

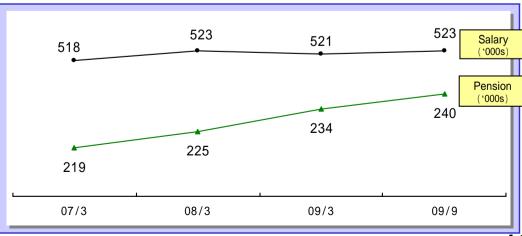
#### Average balance of total deposits and NCD



#### **Breakdown of Personal deposit (average balance)**



#### Number of pension / salary receiving accounts



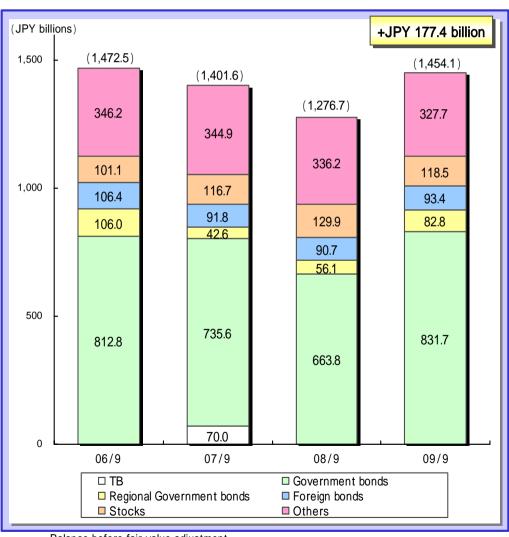


## (6) Securities

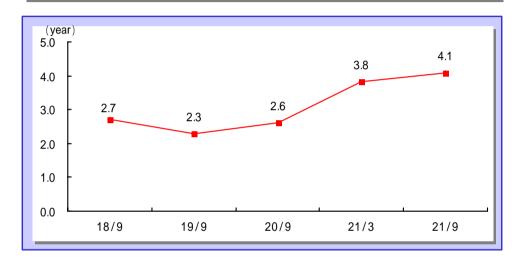


Established a soundness portfolio pursuing stable profitability not subject to impacts from interest rate risk and credit risk.

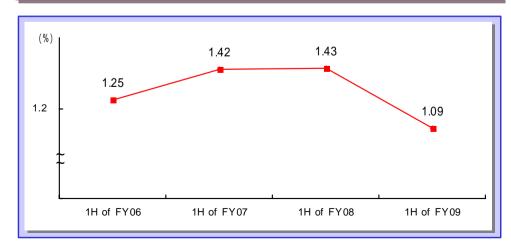
#### **Securities portfolio (term-end balance)**



#### **Duration of domestic securities**



#### Yield on domestic securities

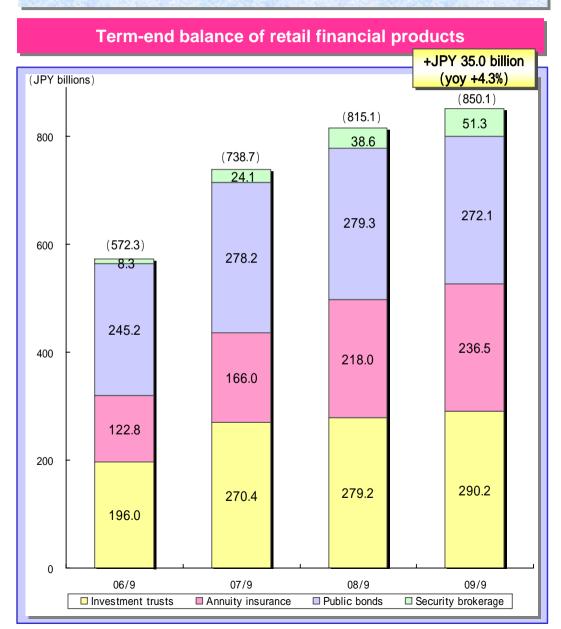




## (7) Fee business ~ Retail asset management

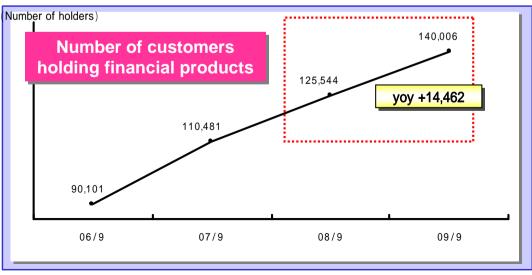


#### Balance of retail financial products steadily increased.





## Number of customers holding financial products steadily increased



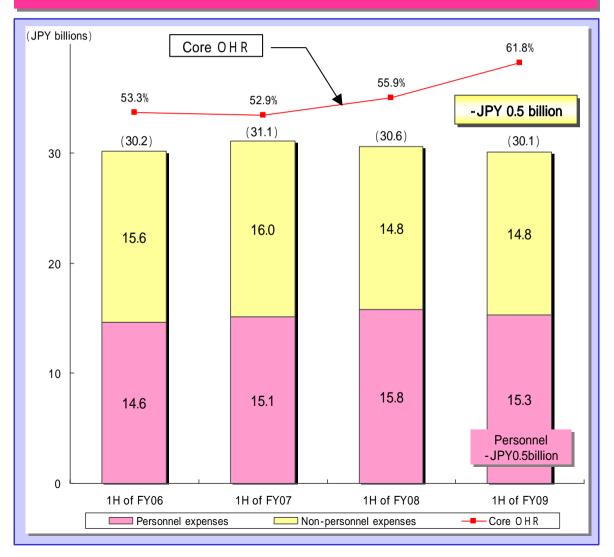


## (8) Expenses



Expenses were controlled by reviewing non-personnel expenses, although the number of employees increased and branch facility renovation were promoted.

#### Total cost and core overhead ratio (OHR)



#### **Branch facility renovation (from 2007)**

	Number	Name of branches	Year/Month
	anches 4	Yume town Hiroshima	08/2
New branches		Seifu-shinto	09/2
	•	Nukushina	09/11
		Kaita-higashi	10/2

Establishment of 4 new branches projected in previous mid-term management plan has completed

		Takehara	07/5
		Hatsukaichi	08/11
Move to new location	5	Fukuyama-kita	09/1
		Mihara	09/4
		Fukuyama-minami	09/4
		Shinonome	08/2
		Gion	08/12
Rebuild at	•	Mukainada	09/6
present place	6	Minamimachi	09/7
		Yasu	09/9
		lwakuni	09/12

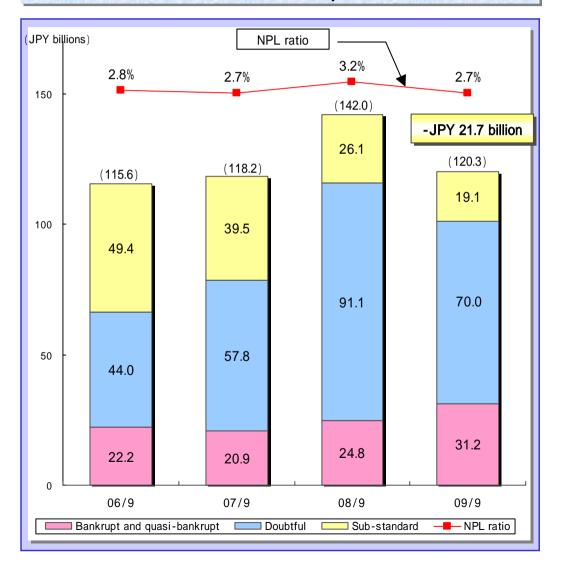


## (9) Non-performing loans and Credit cost

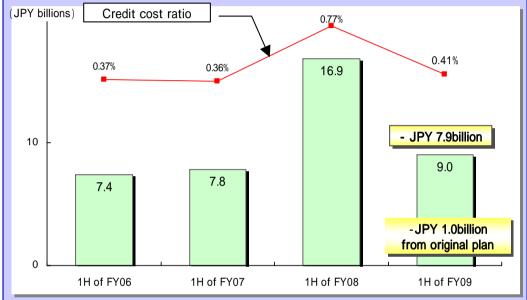


#### Disclosed claims under the Financial Reconstruction Law

NPLs have decreased because of our efforts in corporate revitalization and final disposal of NPL.



#### **Credit cost and Credit cost ratio**



#### Credit cost (FY09 forecast)

				FY09	(JPY billion)
		1H	2H	forecast	yoy change
	General transfer to loan loss reserves	2.4	1.4	3.8	3.8
	Change in debtor classification (New recognition)	8.7	8.2	16.9	-13.4
	Change in debtor classification (to riskier categories)	1.4	1.1	2.5	-1.0
	·Collection ·Reclassified to better category	-3.5	-2.4	-5.9	4.6
	Transfer to specific reserves etc.	6.6	6.9	13.5	-9.8
Total credit cost		9.0	8.3	17.3	-6.0



## (10) Effort to strengthen credit risk management



We strengthened credit risk management by accurately understanding borrowers' financial situation through building closer relationship with borrowers and by strengthening the screening skill at head office.

#### Strengthen credit risk management **Borrowers Building closer** relationship with Operating area (branches) borrowers **Area loan managers** +6 Designated 21 specific loan managers to 21 operating area personnel cooperation Strengthen support function for branches **Head Office** For specific type of industry Automobile Shipbuilding Construction CF Revitalization Marine Real estate transportation +2 +3 +2 personnel personnel personnel personnel Ranked-up borrowers steadily increased Number of companies ranked up from "In need of caution" to "Normal" 2nd half of FY2008 1st half of FY2009 110 184

#### Facilitate financing for small and medium-sized companies

Corresponding to the Law "Facilitate financing for SMEs", we enhance financing and support for business improvement for SMEs.

## Head Office: Establish special team to facilitate financing for SMEs.

30 members mainly consisting of managers for corporate and personal business planning divisions.

#### **Branches: Establish special consulting desk**

Arrange special consulting staffs in all branches to correspond to the request from customers

#### In addition

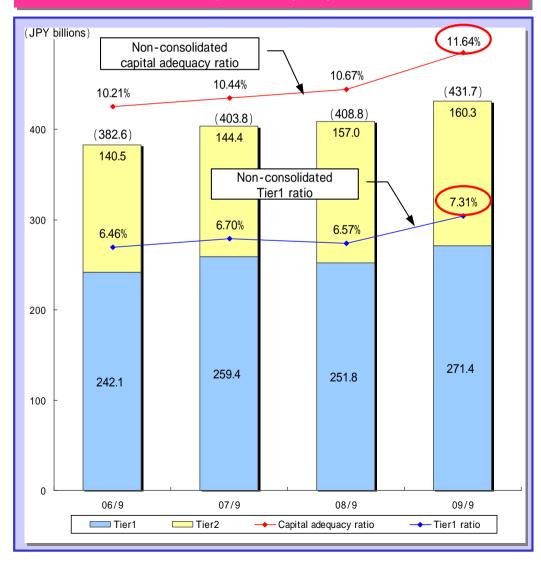
- 「Free Dial」 ・・ opening also Saturday, Sunday, and Holiday
- 「Consulting Desk」
  - ·for SMEs ··Business Loan Center(Hiroshima/Fukuyama)
  - ·for individual ··Housing Loan Center (Hiroshima/Fukuyama)



## (11) Capital adequacy ratio

- Capital adequacy ratio has steadily increased through the accumulation of retained earnings.
- Capital adequacy ratio (Non-consolidated) reached 11%, Tier 1 ratio (Non-consolidated) reached 7%.

#### Non-consolidated Capital adequacy ratio and Tier1 ratio



#### **Enhancement of capital**

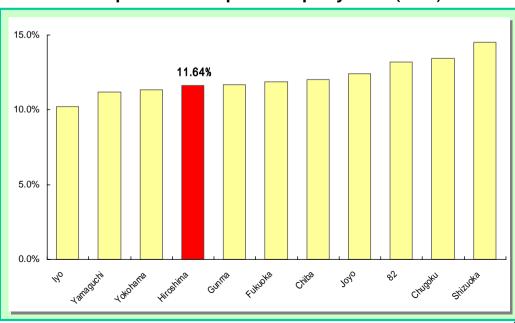
#### Tier 1 · · ·

Enhance through accumulation of retained earnings

#### Tier 2 · · ·

Ensure flexibility to cope with change in risk assets

#### Comparison of Capital adequacy ratio (09/9)







## (1) Overall structure of Business style

#### Leveraging key strengths: Funds / Information / Risk management

#### Loans

Promotion with consideration for well-managed "balance," "yield" and "risk"

#### **Deposits**

Promotion of basic transactions with customers to increase "balance"

Aggressive lending to regional small-sized companies based on stable funding (deposits) from region

**Securities** 

Establish portfolio with well-managed "profit" and "risk"

## Fund intermediation

Information

intermediation

management

intermediation

# Regional customers

Hiroshima/Okayama Ehime/Yamaguchi

High potential for future growth

## Attractive market than other areas (Scale of economy)

Aggressively expand to Asia (Regional companies)

#### **Solution business**

Enhance management support business based on solid know-how

#### Retail Asset management

Offer wide range of products to meet customer's needs

Offer sophisticated solution business to accommodate with customers' needs

#### Alliances

System sharing

(Fukuoka Bank : 2003/1~)

#### Network

(In-store ATM: 31,000)

#### Securities/Insurance

(Hirogin Utsumiya Securities)

#### International business

(Alliance with 8 foreign banks)



## (2) Scale of economy (Chugoku and Shikoku Region)

- Hiroshima has No.1 position in terms of both population and business activities in Chugoku-Shikoku Region.
- Economy scale of Hiroshima exceeds other areas
  Hiroshima has stable growth potential than other areas.

#### **Population**

- ·Hiroshima has largest population in region.
- Decrease rate of population is moderate than other areas.

		Population ('000s)	Share
All-	Japan	127,550	
	Chugoku/Shikoku Region	11,579	9.1%

Population (000's)	2000	2009	change(%)
Hiroshima	2,879	2,867	-0.4
Okayama	1,951	1,943	-0.4
Yamaguchi	1,528	1,456	-4.7
Shimane	762	720	-5.5
Tottori	613	591	-3.6
Ehime	1,493	1,437	-3.8
Kagawa	1,023	1,000	-2.2
Tokushima	824	789	-4.2
Kochi	814	776	-4.7

(Sources:each prefecture)

#### **Number of companies**

- ·Hiroshima has the most number of companies in region.
- Decrease rate of number of companies is moderate than other areas.

		Number of companies ('000s)	Share
All-Japan		5,911	
	Chugoku/Shikoku Region	575	9.7%

Companies	0004	0000	
(000's)	2001	2006	change(%)
Hiroshima	146	140	-4.1
Okayama	93	85	-8.6
Yamaguchi	78	72	-7.7
Shimane	45	42	-6.7
Tottori	32	29	-9.4
Ehime	81	72	-11.1
Kagawa	57	52	-8.8
Tokushima	45	41	-8.9
Kochi	46	42	-8.7

(Sources:The Ministry of Public Management )

#### **Gross domestic products**

- ·Hiroshima has the largest amount of gross domestic products in region.
- Both secondary and tertiary industries increase gross products.

		Gross domestic products ('000trillion)	Share
All-Japan		562.6	
	Chugoku/Shikoku Region	47.1	8.4%

GDP	2000	2006	
(JPY trillion)	2000	2000	change(%)
Hiroshima	12.0	13.1	9.2
Okayama	7.2	8.1	12.5
Yamaguchi	5.8	6.1	5.2
Shimane	2.6	2.7	3.8
Tottori	2.2	2.3	4.5
Ehime	5.3	5.4	1.9
Kagawa	3.8	4.0	5.3
Tokushima	2.7	2.9	7.4
Kochi	2.6	2.5	-3.8

(Sources:The Cabinet Office)



Number of

companies

and

employees in

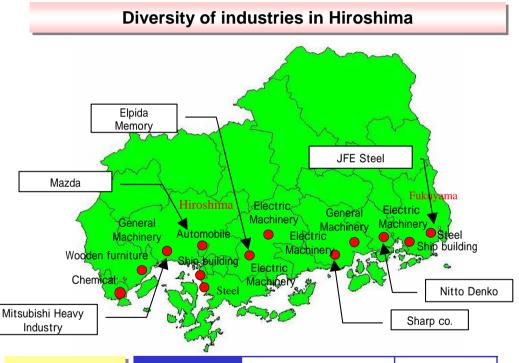
Hiroshima

## (3) Economy of Hiroshima

- In addition to the transport machinery and steel sectors, the high-tech sector has accumulated and developed technologies.
- In recent years, business transactions of Hiroshima-based companies with Asian countries have expanded rapidly.

290

18,806



Automobile	Number of companies	266
Automobile	Number of employees	33,584
Ohio haddalaa	Number of companies	119
Ship building	Number of employees	7,012
Chaol	Number of companies	156
Steel	Number of employees	11,998

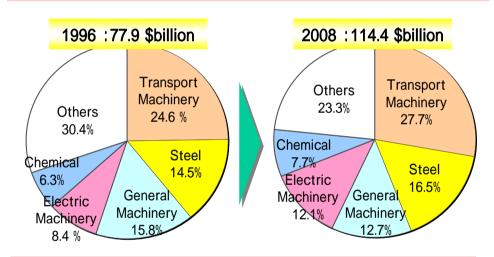
Number of companies

Number of employees

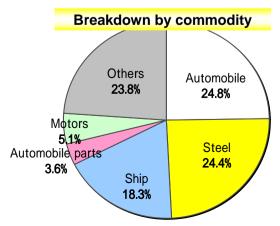
Electric

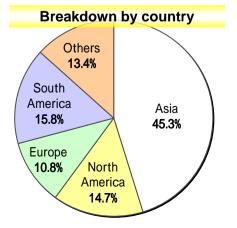
machinery

Breakdown of Manufacturing Industry in Hiroshima (Total value of shipped manufactured products: 1996 → 2008)



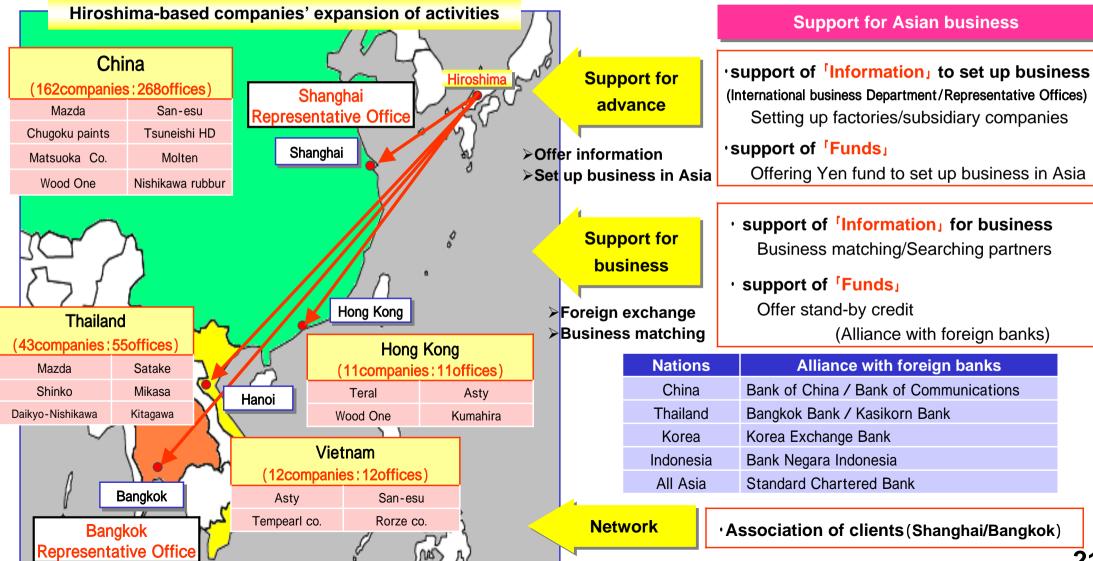
**Gross Export (Hiroshima prefecture: 2008)** 







- Overseas business support ~ in Asia
- Hiroshima-based companies are aggressively expanding their activities and have opened 403 operating offices in Asia.
- Consequently, an increase in business for our bank can be expected along with the growth of the economy of East Asia.





#### Retail business (5)

#### Hiroshima is the largest retail market in region

#### Moderate decrease in population than other prefectures

Demulation	0000	0000	('000's)
Population	2000	2009	change(%)
Hiroshima	2,879	2,867	-0.4
Okayama	1,951	1,943	-0.4
Yamaguchi	1,528	1,456	-4.7
Ehime	1,493	1,437	-3.8

#### High level of saving amount per household

#### High portion of financial products among savings

	2009 March (JPY 0000's)  Total savings Financial product (Proportion)		
Hiroshima	1,497	270	18.0%
Okayama	920	40	4.3%
Yamaguchi	1,240	89	7.2%
Matsuyama	1,360	132	9.7%

We struggle to increase retail asset customers by enhancing effective business promotion especially in Hiroshima having strong retail market among the region.

**Investment trust / Annuity Insurance** 

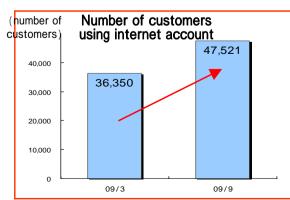
#### **Enhancement of Direct Channels and Expand the Business lineup**

#### Increase the number of receiving accounts

pension salary

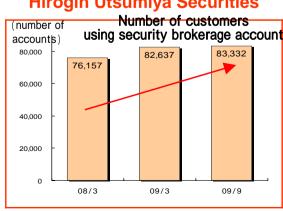
## Money consulting desk

#### **Direct channel**



#### **Stocks**

#### **Hirogin Utsumiya Securities**



in one card

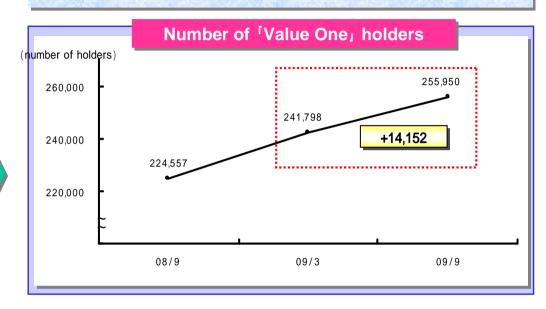


## (6) Card business

Issue multi-functional card involving traffic IC card < PASPY > and non-contact IC settlement < QUICPay, Visa Touch >

#### 

#### Number of 'Value One, holders steadily increased.



Sub card

#### 「 < Hirogin > PASPY」



09/11 total issue 29,000 cards

PASPY

Serve as

traffic IC card

# Post payment function Discount service at over 4,000 stores and restaurant

(October, 2009)
PASPY introduced to
all public transportation in Hiroshima



## (7) Earning estimate for FY2009 and dividend policy

#### **Earning estimate for FY2009**

■ Real banking profit JPY 37.8billion

(yoy change +JPY1.1billion / from initial plan +JPY2.2billion)

■ Net income JPY 10.5billion

(yoy change +JPY3.1billion / from initial plan +JPY2.2billion)

			Earning	(JPY billion )	
			estimate for FY2009	yoy change	Difference from the initial plan
		Net interest income	80.2	-7.5	0.0
		Net fees and commissions income	15.9	-2.0	-0.2
		Core gross operating profit	96.1	-9.5	-0.2
		Expenses	60.0	-0.8	-0.7
	•	Core banking profit	36.1	-8.7	0.5
		Gains/Losses from securities	1.7	9.8	1.7
		Real banking profit	37.8	1.1	2.2
		Gains/Losses on stocks	-0.7	-0.3	-0.7
		Credit cost	17.3	-6.0	-2.7
		Ordinary profit	17.5	4.4	3.4
		Net income	10.5	3.1	2.2

#### **Dividend policy**

Expect dividend of 5 Yen per share (annual) in FY09 based on dividend policy and payout table

#### **Dividend policy and payout table**

- (A) Basic Dividend: Annual dividend of 5 yen per share
- (B) Performance-based dividend: If our consolidated net income exceeds JPY 18.0 billion, 20% of the surplus will be returned to our shareholders as dividends

ſ	Consolidated net	Dividend per share			Concolidated payout ratio
L	income	(A) Stable	(B) Performance-based	(A) + (B)	Consolidated payout ratio
í	a under 18 billion	5 yen	0 yen	5 yen	17.4% and over
	o 18 - 21 billion	5 yen	1 yen	6 yen	17.9% and over and less than 20.8%
	c 21 - 24 billion	5 yen	2 yen	7 yen	18.2% and over and less than 20.8%



	Dividend per share (annual) FY09			
	Interim	Year-end		
Dividend forecast	2.5 Yen	2.5 Yen	5.0 Yen	

## Reference for this material

This material contains statements about future business performance.

These statements do not guarantee future business performance and are subject to uncertainties.

Please note that actual future business performance may differ from our goals depending on changes in the business environment and other factors.

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