

Financial results for interim FY2014

- IR presentation -





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1. Highlights in the 1st Half of FY 2014

- Net income from the interim period increased in six consecutive periods on a parent basis and two consecutive periods on a consolidated basis, updating the historical high.
- Core net business profit was improved faster than initially planned, supported by cost reduction and other efforts.
- Balance of both loans and deposits, etc. (deposits + NCD) significantly increased (on average); that resulted in rising prefectural shares.
- Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities have improved by more than 100 billion yen since the bankruptcy of Lehman Brothers.
- 900 million yen of reversal profit was recorded on the credit costs as a result of support for management improvement.
- 6 ROE reached above 7% with increase of net assets.



2 . Summary of Interim Financial Results for FY 2014

(1) Summary of interim financial results for the 1st half of FY 2014

- For profit and loss for the interim period of FY 2014, ordinary profit increased by 2.9 billion yen (+18.3%) on a year-on-year basis to 19.2 billion yen thanks to the significant improvement of credit costs that generated the reversal profit in addition to the better net unrealized gains (losses) on securities.
- Net profit for the interim period was up by 2.3 billion yen (+22.8%) from the year earlier to 12.7 billion yen, recording six consecutive interim periods of profit increase and updating the record high. On the consolidated basis, we recorded two consecutive interim periods of increasing net profit to record a new high.

(Hundred million yen)

| | | | (Hunarea million yen) |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | 1H of FY14 | Change (Change%) | Defference from Plan |
| Net interest income | 375 | -3 | 4 |
| Net fees and commissions income | 93 | 0 | -4 |
| Core gross operating profit | 468 | -3 (-0.6%) | 0 |
| Expenses | 274 | -1 | -6 |
| Core banking profit | 194 | -2 (-1.0%) | 6 |
| Gains/Losses on securities | -3 | 11 | -3 |
| Credit costs | -9 | -23 | -24 |
| Ordinary profit | 192 | . 29 (18.3%) | 27 |
| Net income | 127 | 23 (22.8%) | 20 |
| Consolidated ordinary profit | 194 | 25 (14.6%) | 28 |
| Consolidated net income | 128 | 23 (21.8%) | 20 |

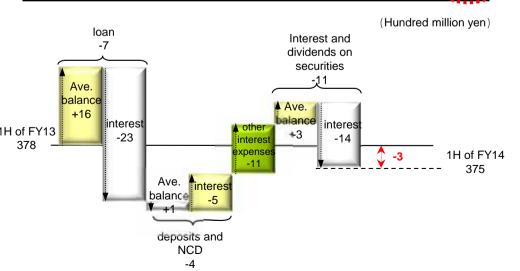


(2) Net interest income

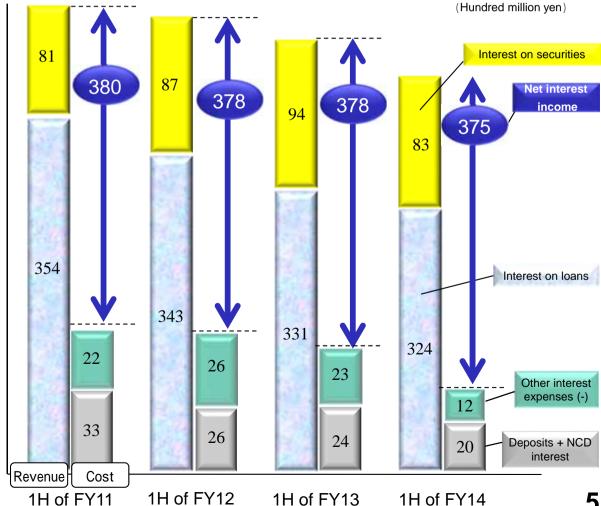
- Net interest income was down by 300 million yen compared with the previous year, as decrease of loan interest and securities interest and dividend under the lower interest rate environment were offset by reduced funding costs.
- Under the prolonged low interest rate environment, we succeeded in maintaining the level of net interest income unchanged due to our efforts of maintaining margins.

Breakdown of net interest income (average balance and interest)

| | | 1H of FY14 | (Hundred million yen) |
|----|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| | | 111 011 114 | yoy change |
| lr | nterest on loans | 324 | -7 |
| Ir | nterest on securities | 83 | -11 |
| | Deposits + NCD interest (-) | 20 | -4 |
| C | Other interest expenses (-) | 12 | -11 |
| | Of which are subordinated financing costs | 5 | -9 |
| | Net interest income | 375 | -3 |



Net interest income



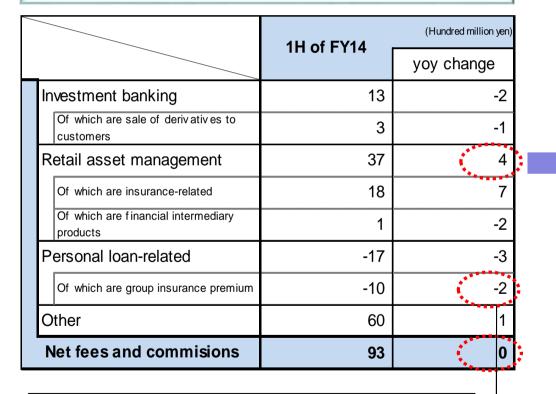


(3) Net fees and commissions income

Net fees and commissions income reached substantially the same level of revenue as in the previous year, as increase of residential mortgage outstanding and premium of group insurance following the rise of premium rate were offset by commissions mainly from deposited assets such as insurance.

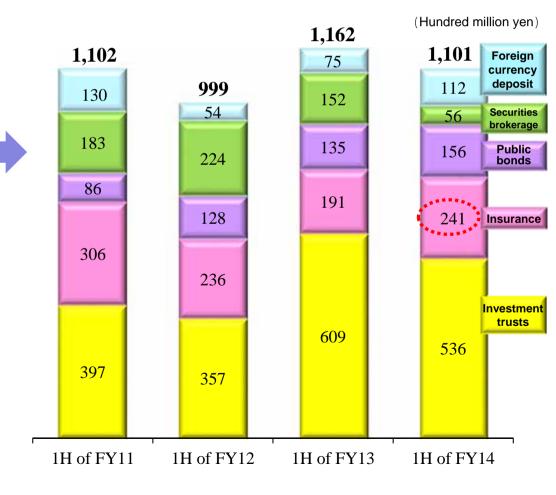
Breakdown of net fees and commissions income

Movements of financial instruments sold



Increase of group insurance premium

- due to the increase of residential mortgage outstanding
- due to the increase of premium rate



(4) Expenses

- Expenses were down by 100 million yen from the previous year thanks to the facility costs reduction under the operational reform.
- Core OHR was at the level of less than 60%.

Expenses and Core OHR (Hundred million yen) 61.7% Core OHR 60.0% 58.4% 58.5% 289 280 -5 275 138 132 131 129 Non personnel -JPY0.2bn 151 148 145 144 Personnel +JPY0.1bn 1H of FY11 1H of FY12 1H of FY13 1H of FY14 *Core OHR = Expenses/Core gross profits

Breakdown of expenses

| Non-personnel cost | (Hundred milli | ion yen) |
|---|----------------|----------|
| Factors | · | Change |
| Effect from self-processing of busine outsourced to subsidiaries: -2 | ess previously | |
| Reduction by the implementation of - Scrapping and building of systems - Review of outsourcing to external or | S | -2 |
| Effect from consumption tax rise: + | 1 | |

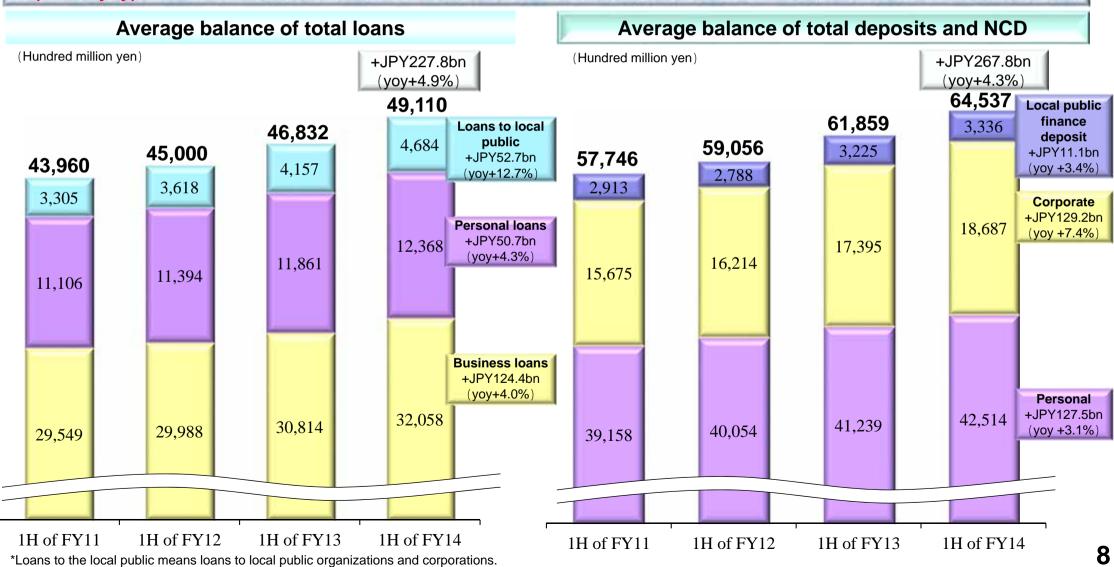
Personnel cost

| Factors | Change |
|---|--------|
| Decrease of retirement benefit costs: -3 Effect from self-processing of business previously outsourced to subsidiaries: +2 Increase of bonus and social insurance costs, etc.: +2 | +1 |

(5) Balance of loans and deposits, etc.

(deposit +NCD)

- Balance of loans (on average) significantly increased in the entire area of business loans, personal loans, and loans to the local public, up by 227.8 billion yen (+4.9% yoy).
- Balance of deposits (on average) remarkably rose mainly in retail and corporate deposits, up by 267.8 billion yen (+4.3% yoy).



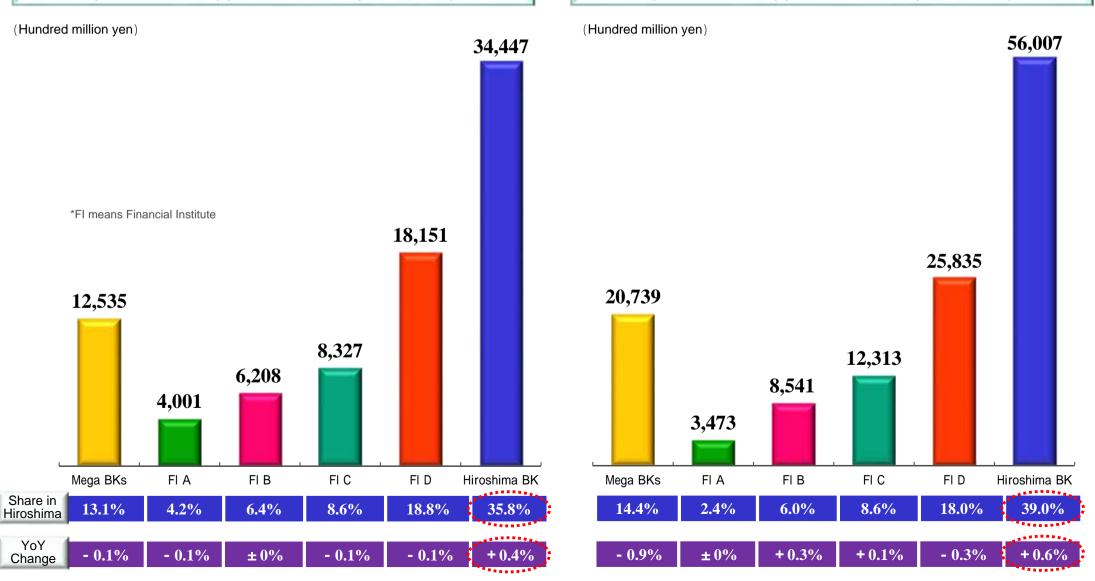


(6) Share of loans and deposits, etc.

Shares of balance of loans within Hiroshima Prefecture (term-end balance) and balance of deposits within Hiroshima Prefecture (term-end balance) are both more than 35%.

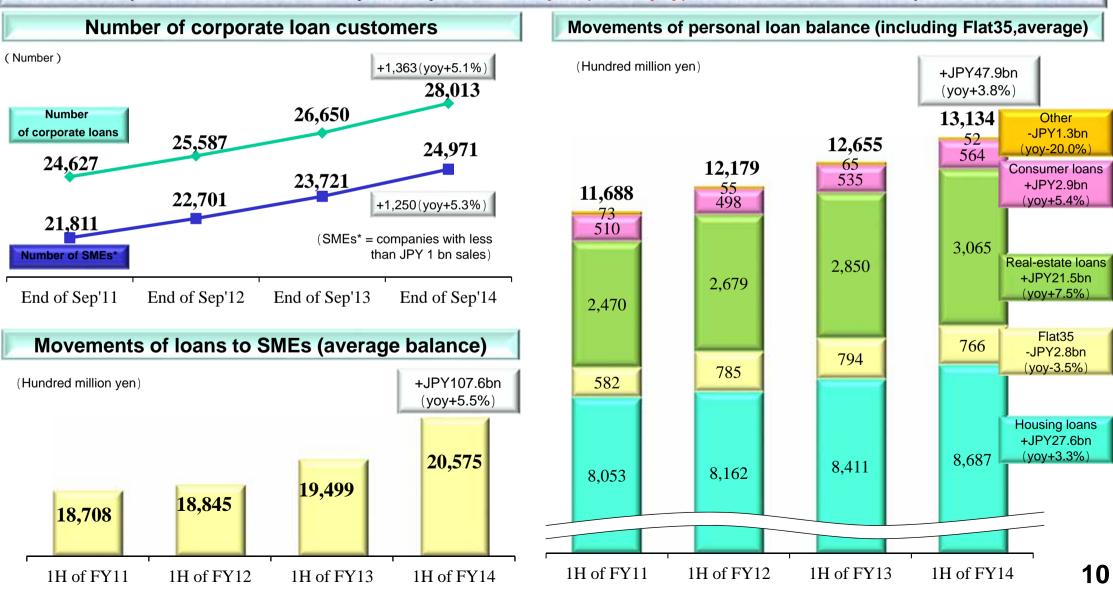
Comparison of share of balance of loans within Hiroshima Prefecture (term-end balance) (as of the end of September 2014)

Comparison of share of balance of deposits within Hiroshima Prefecture (term-end balance) (as of the end of September 2014)



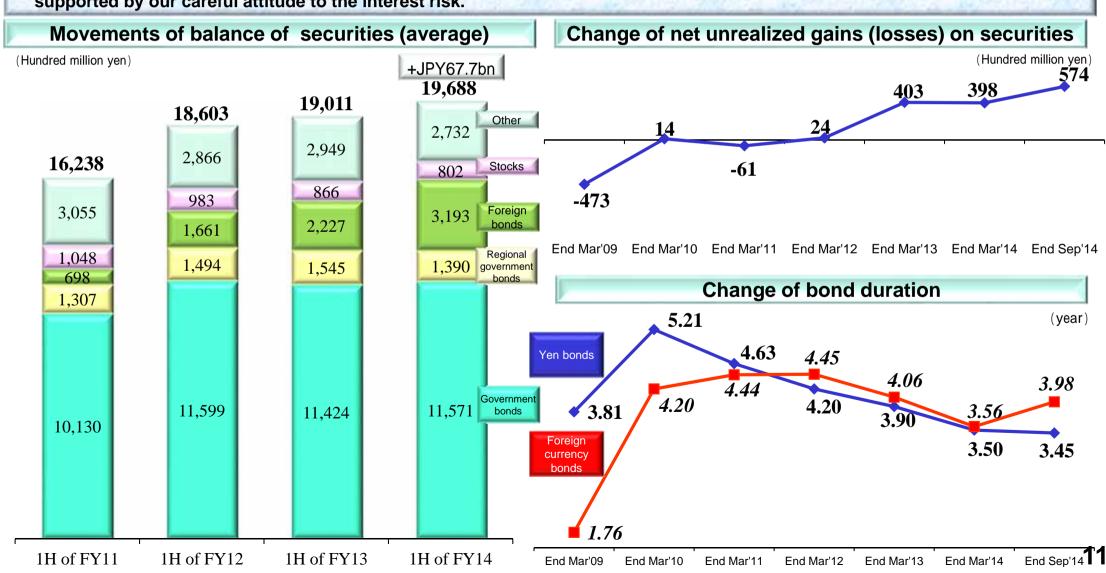
(7) Retail loans and personal loans

- The number of borrowers for business loans and loans to small- and medium-sized enterprises (on average) significantly increased supported by active marketing under the area marketing system.
- Balance of personal loans remarkably rose by 47.9 billion yen (+3.8% yoy) thanks to the bank-wide promotion.



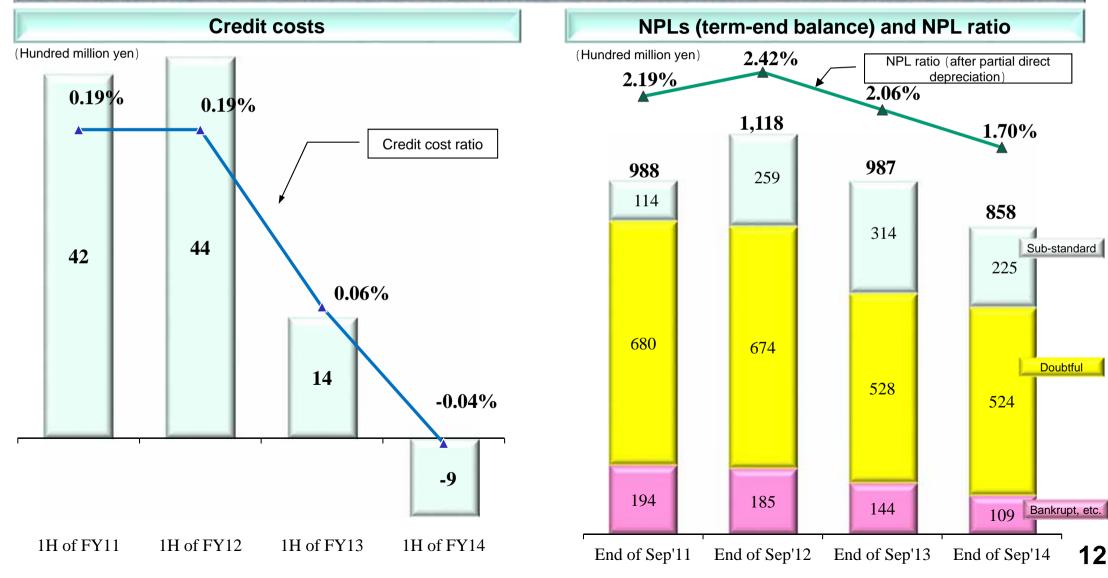
(8) Securities

- Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities have improved by 104.7 billion yen to 57.4 billion yen of gains since the end of March 2009 after the bankruptcy of Lehman Brothers thanks to the market recovery in addition to our efforts to restructure the portfolio.
- Bond duration is shorter than it was four years ago for both yen-denominated and foreign currency-denominated bonds supported by our careful attitude to the interest risk.



(9) Credit costs and nonperforming loans

- 900 million yen of reversal profit was recorded on the credit costs as a result of active support for the management of customers.
- NPLs (term-end balance) was down by 12.9 billion yen on a year-on-year basis. NPL ratio also declined to 1.70%.

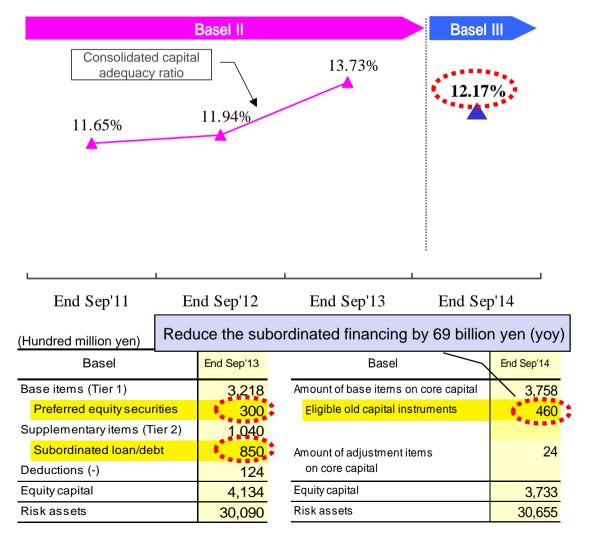


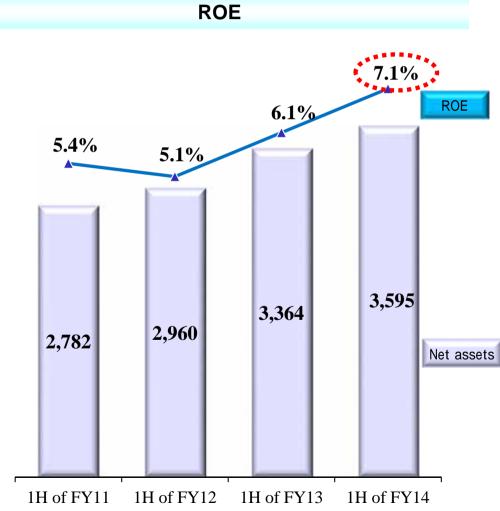


(10) Capital adequacy ratio and ROE

- Capital adequacy ratio on a consolidated basis was at a sufficient level of 12.17% after reducing the subordinated financing by 69 billion yen from the previous year.
- ROE reached more than 7% with a steady increase of net assets.

Breakdown of consolidated capital adequacy ratio





Net assets = [Opening net assets total (equity warrants excluded) + net assets total as of the end of interim period (equity warrants excluded)] /2



3. Progress on and Marketing Strategy for "2012 Mid-Term Plan – Challenge for Reform"



(1) Progress on "2012 Mid-Term Plan – Challenge for Reform"

| В | Business targets of MT | Р | Progress on the 1 | H of FY2014 | | |
|---|------------------------|---|--|---|---|-------------|
| | FY2014 forecast | Of which, accumulated total for three FYs | Performance by 1H of FY2014 (partly accumulated) | Achieving ratio, etc. | | |
| Core banking profit | Above JPY 40 bn | JPY 113.8 bn | JPY 98.4 bn | 86.5% | | |
| Consolidated Net Income | Above JPY 20 bn | JPY 54.3 bn | JPY 53.1 bn | 97.8% | | |
| Consolidated Tier 1 ratio | 9.0% or more | Consolidated core capital ratio 10% or more (standards changed) | 12.17% | Against the target: +2% (Sufficient level) | | |
| Credit cost ratio | 0.15% | or less | -0.04% | Against the target: -0.19% (Sufficient level) | | Expected to |
| Core OHR | 58.5% | or less | 58.5% | Achieved at the moment | > | meet |
| ROE | 6.0% (| or more | 7.1% | Achieved at the moment | | the target |
| Average balance of total deposits and NCD | JPY 6,1 | 143.4 bn | JPY 6,453.7 bn | 105.1% | | |
| Average balance of total loans | JPY 4,7 | 764.3 bn | JPY 4,911.0 bn | 103.1% | | |
| Number of corporate loan customers | +1,000 customers | +3,000 customers | +2,877 customers | 95.9% | | |
| Loan market share in Hiroshima pref. | 38 | 3% | 35.8% | Against the target: -2.2% | | |
| Lending share to 3 neighboring | 6 | % | 6% | Achieved at the moment | | |

^{*} Consolidated core capital ratio refers to the consolidated capital adequacy ratio based on Basel III.



Trend of Wage

(2) Trend of Economic Activities in Hiroshima Prefecture

- Economy in Hiroshima Prefecture has recovered faster than the national average due to diminishing effects of rising consumption tax and adjustment of higher yen.
- Hiroshima economy expects to receive a further support thanks to "Quantitative and qualitative easing" by the BOJ.

Economic Trend at the Foot

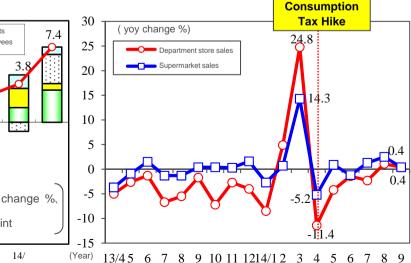
Current condition of Hiroshima economy (Oct. 2014)

| | Movement in each item |
|----------------------|--|
| Overview | Although some rebound is seen following the last-minute purchase in the face of consumption tax rise, the overall trend is a modest recovery |
| Personal consumption | The adverse effect from the consumption tax rise is diminishing, and the economy is steadily improving |
| Capital investment | Recovering steadily |
| Production | Modestly increasing |
| Export | Tending to increase |

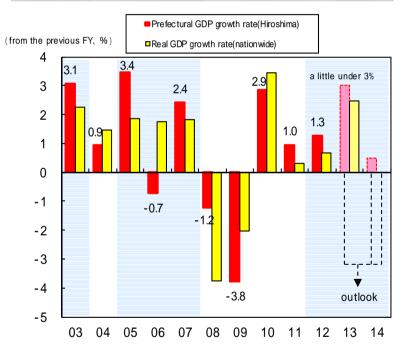
Source: BOJ Monthly Report of Recent Economic and Financial Developments

YoY Change of Major Economic Indicators (Sept. 2014)

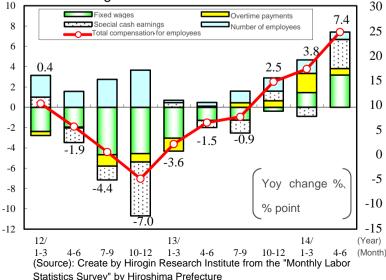
| | Hiroshima | Nation- wide |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Sales by department stores | 0.4% | -0.7% |
| No. of registered new cars | 0.4% | -3.2% |
| No. of new housing starts | -10.9% | -14.3% |
| Effective job offer ratio | 1.24 times | 1.09 times |
| Value of custom cleared | 30.1% | 6.9% |
| Industrial production index (August) | -1.2% | -1.9% |



Reference:Trends in GDP for both the whole nation and Hiroshima Prefecture during the periods of the yen's depreciation in the past



(Note) The shaded area represents fiscal years when the yen's depreciation advanced from the previous year (lower yen aspects) Source: Bank of Japan, Cabinet Office, Hiroshima Prefecture



15,000

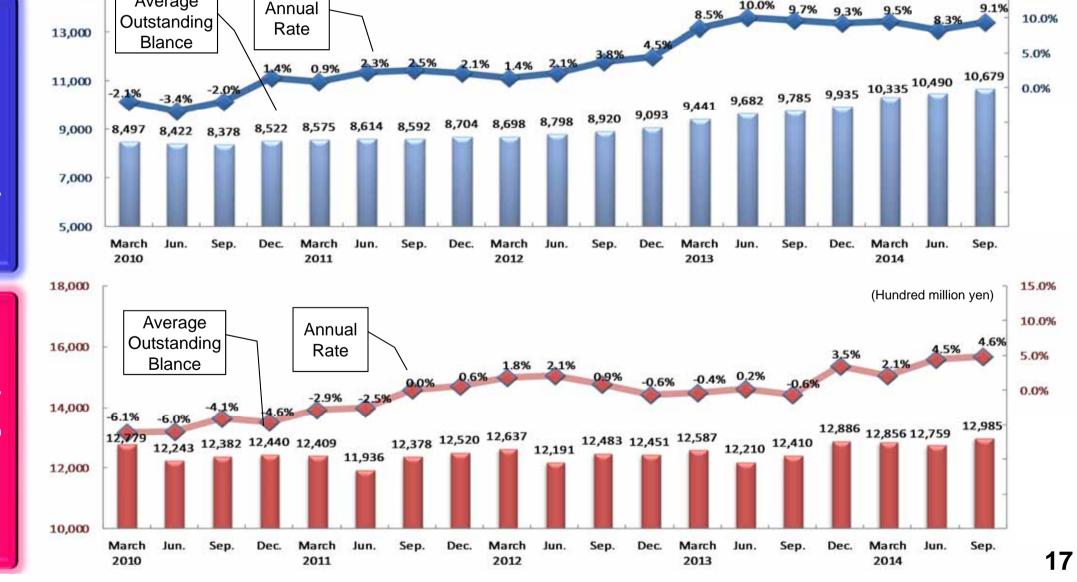
Average

(3) Momentum of loans to small- and medium-sized enterprises

Annual growth of our balance of loans to small- and medium-sized enterprises increase both for capital investment and working capital.

15.0%

(Hundred million ven)





(4) Efforts for retail loans

Improve yield of loan portfolio by conducting active marketing to retail customers whose yield is relatively high.

(Source: Teikoku Databank)

Steady increase of main bank share in Chugoku area by establishing a stronger relationship with retail customers.

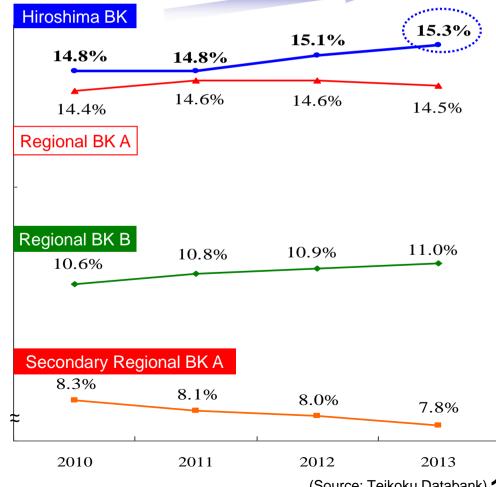
Main bank share in Hiroshima Prefecture by sales volume and comparison of loan yields

| | Main bank | Main bank share in Hiroshima Prefecture by sales volume | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|---|---------------|-------------|-----------|--|
| | Below \50M | \50M -\500M | \500M -\1B | \1B -\5B | Above \5B | |
| Hiroshima Bank | 36% | 34% | 36% | 43% | 46% | |
| Secondary Regional BK A | 19% | 19% | 19% | 17% | 9% | |
| Shinkin BK B | 13% | 13% | 11% | 6% | 2% | |
| Credit Association C | 3% | 3% | 2% | 0% | 0% | |
| Credit Association D | 2% | 2% | 0% | 0% | 0% | |
| Others | 27% | 29% | 1 32% | 34% | 43% | |

Comparison of loan yield

| | FY 2013 | | |
|-------------------------|---------|-------|---|
| Hiroshima BK | | 1.39 | þ |
| Secondary Regional BK A | | 1.49% | 6 |
| Shinkin BK B | | 2.03% | % |
| Credit Association C | | 3.23% | % |
| Credit Association D | | 2.73% | % |

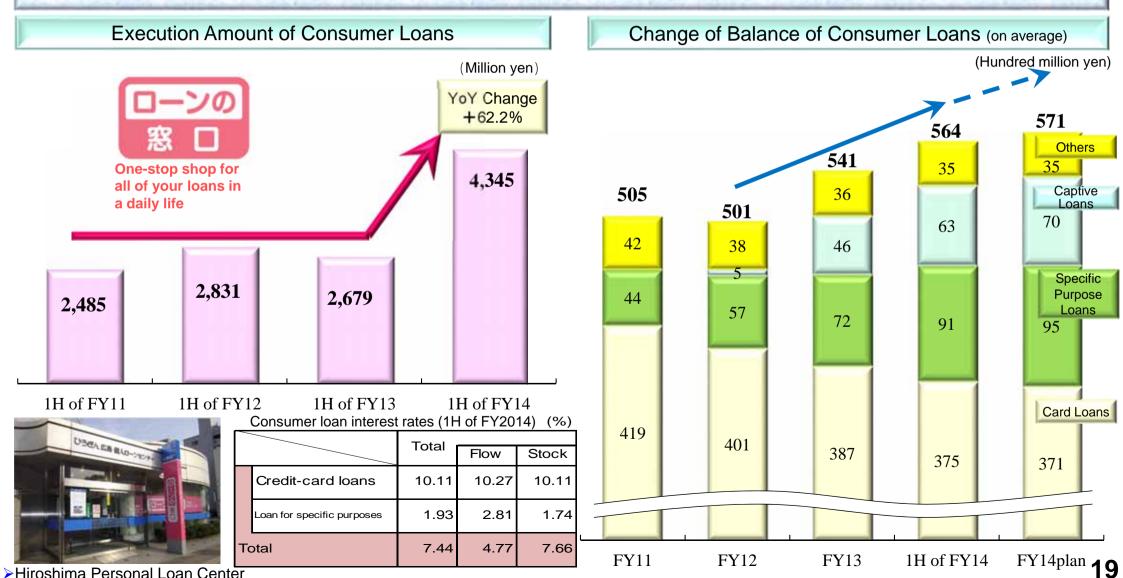
Main Bank Share in Chugoku Area (no. of customers)



(5) Enhancement of consumer loans

Hiroshima Personal Loan Center

- Actively promote consumer loans of which yield is higher in all the branch offices (166 shops) and the Personal Loan Center.
- Consumer loans executed in the first half of FY 2014 significantly increased by 62% on a year-on-year basis and the achieving ratio against the target of average balance of loans is also favorable.





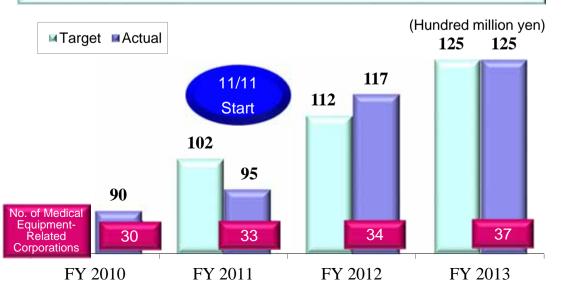
(6) Efforts in growing areas

- Medical and nursing care business -

- Hiroshima BK is the only financial institution that participated in the Conference on Promotion of Medical-Related Industry Cluster, contributing to create the cluster.
- Actively support the medical area participation by corporations that have deep know-how of "Manufacturing" such as an automobile parts maker.

Conference on Promotion of **Medical-Related Industry Cluster in Hiroshima** JMS, Molten, molten, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Kitagawa Iron Corporations Works, Tovo Advanced Technologies, Two-Cells Prefectural Doctors Association, Prefectural Dentists Association, Medical and Prefectural Pharmacists Association. Prefectural Nursing Association. Welfare Prefectural Social Welfare Conference, Hiroshima University, **Organizations** Hiroshima International University, Prefectural University of Hiroshima Hiroshima Prefecture, The Hiroshima Bank, Hiroshima Industrial Supporting Promotion Conference, NPO Medical and Engineering Collaboration Organizations Organization

Medical Equipment Production in Hiroshima Prefecture

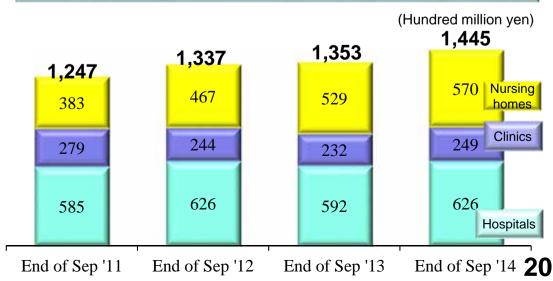


Example of Participation of Corporation in Medical Area



Utilizing technologies particularly the spherical surface processing technology developed in the automobile industry to the manufacturing of artificial joint parts

Change of Loan Balance to Medical and Nursing Care-Related Industries (excluding dentists)



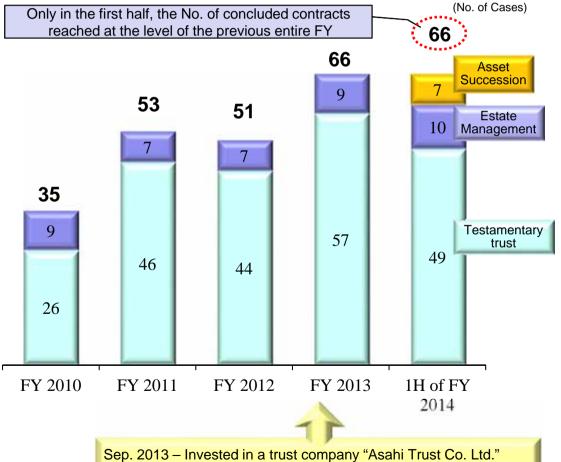


(7) Efforts in growing areas

- Business for senior and wealthy classes -

- Enhance the alliance with trust companies and develop new products in response to increasing customer needs for "Business Succession."
- Contracts are favorably concluded, and we plan to actively expand it in the future for steady increase of deposited assets on a long-term basis and expansion of earnings.

Change of the number of concluded contracts for testamentary trust/estate management and asset succession planning



Sep. 2013 – Invested in a trust company "Asahi Trust Co. Ltd." Jan. 2014 - Business collaboration with a trust company "Yamada Escrow and Trust Co., Ltd."

Provide Products that Meet the Customers' Needs

Individual

Created "Hirogin Asset Trust" that is the first financial trust with testament substitution type by regional banks (Started in June 2014 at the HQ)

Additionally created "Hirogin Family Tie Trust" (Started in October 2014 in all the branch offices)

| | No. of Cases | Amount |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|
| "Hirogin Family Tie Trust" (Actual performance as of November 17) | 37 | 302 million yen |

Corporate Owner

Structured "Setouchi Business Succession Fund – Yui" (Total of 1 billion yen with the contribution by The Hiroshima BK of 350 million yen) (September 2014)

Target

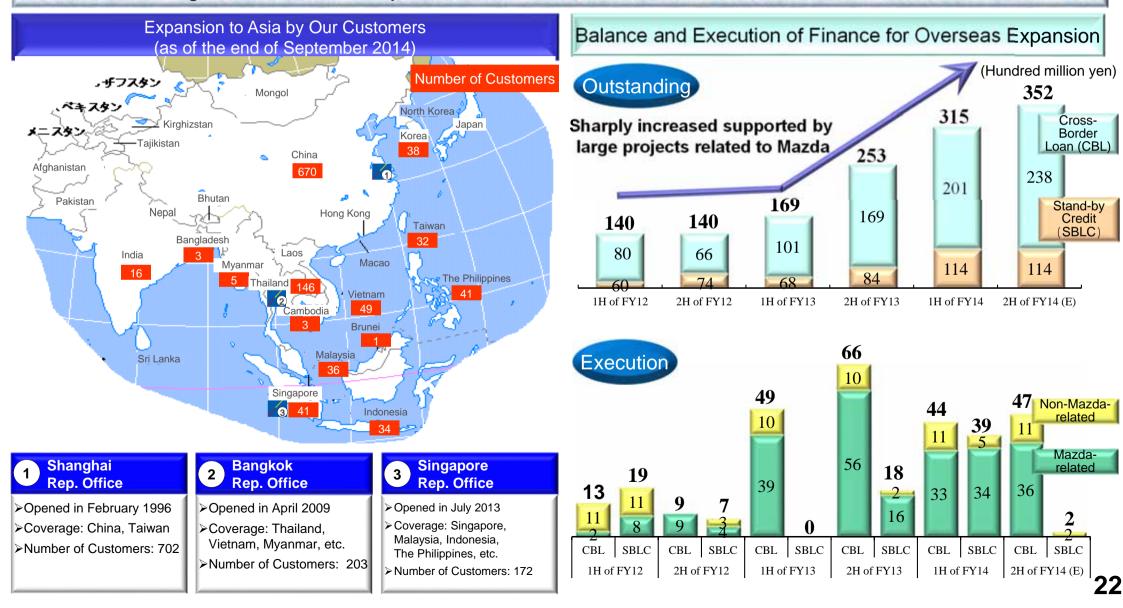
- ✓ Business succession to a person other than relatives (such as an employee)
- ✓ Gathering of minor shareholders (large dissemination of shareholders)
- ✓ Business succession to relatives who do not have enough money to acquire shares
- ✓ Customers who need external advice for fostering a successor

75% of business corporations in Hiroshima Prefecture do not have a successor, which is the second highest in Japan. The business succession support business is not only for providing earnings but also for preventing a hollow industry.



(8) Support of overseas business by clients

- Many of our customers have expanded the business to Asian countries that are expected to achieve a stable growth.
- Balance of finance significantly increased thanks to our active support for our customers who have expand the business to overseas including automobile-related corporations.





(9) New solution in the card business

- Increase the convenience for customers as well as enhance the card business profitability and business base by providing customers with a credit card combined with a student/employee certificate
 - Agreed with Elisabeth University of Music in December 2013 to issue "The first convenient collaboration card in Japan" First collaboration with a university in Japan
 - Collaborated with a technical school (Miyake Gakuen) in October 2014 First collaboration with a technical school in Japan
- Collaborated with Mukaishima Dock in November 2014 First collaboration with a business corporation in Japan
- Collaborated with Fukuyama University and Fukuyama Heisei University in November 2014

Main Card Sub Card ジェリザル音楽大学 コリザル音楽大学 コリザル音楽

Major functions

(Function1)

This card enables an accurate record of a student s or an employee s attendance or work (or absence) and is available at a school restaurant, etc.

(Function2)

Provides a post-pay electronic money function for shopping by passing a card over a card reader

Other

According to the needs of partners, various functions, including a prepaid function, can be added.

At present, an optional function is being considered to be added to the function of employee ID to apply

for employees health promotion by storing information of their medical checks and analyzing them.





in advance

(Prepaid type, electronic

Deferred payment type, the amount spent is charged by a credit card



Prepaid function Prepaid function

Prepaid type, the available amount is within the amount charged



(Prepaid tunction (Prepaid type, electronic money) Name: youme card (yumeka)





(10) Organizational diversity - Support of women's activities -

- As part of organizational diversity actions, hold career support seminars as well as actively promote women to managers and supervisors that enable women to show their maximum potential.
- In September 2014, awarded as the first regional bank the "Superior Award by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare" in the Family-Friendly Corporation Section of the "Equal Treatment and Work-Family Balanced Corporation Award" sponsored by the Ministry Health, Labour and Welfare.

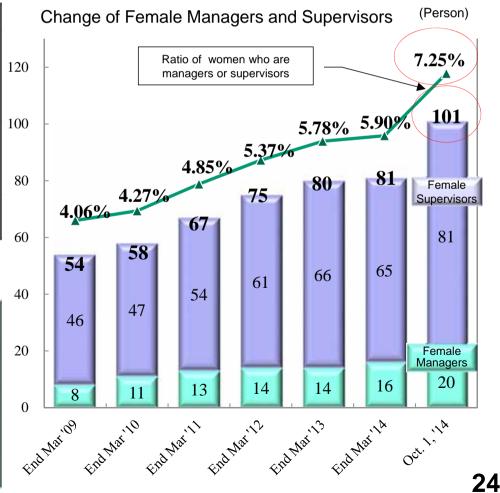
Our Efforts for Women's Success and Performance

| Period | Actions | Summary |
|-----------------|---|--|
| From FY 2006 | Enhanced the work- family balance support | Introduce up to 2.5 years of childcare leave and short working hour system allowing 4 to 6 working hours |
| | | Promote to obtain childcare leave by male employees for supporting the "Ikumen (fathers who actively care their children)" initiative by Hiroshima Prefecture |
| From FY 2007 | Seminar for female managers and supervisors | Enhance the network of female managers and supervisors through the opinion exchange with external professionals and discussion of measures; sharing a viewpoint from female managers |
| From FY 2009 | Challenge seminar for female supervisors | Invite external lecturers five times a year to enhance the capability required for managers (voluntary participation) |

As a result of these actions...

- ➤ In October 2010, awarded the "Superior Award by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare" in the Equality Promotion Corporation Section of the "Equal Treatment and Work-Family Balanced Corporation Award" sponsored by the Ministry Health, Labour and Welfare
- ➤ In September 2014, awarded the "Superior Award by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare" in the Family-Friendly Corporation Section of the same award

We are the second company that was awarded the "Superior Award by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare" both in the Equality Promotion Corporation Section and the Family-Friendly Corporation Section.





4. Business Forecast in FY 2014



(1) Forecast of business performance and dividend in FY 2014

- Consolidated net income is expected to increase for the 6th consecutive year.
- The record profit for two consecutive year is also expected.
- The dividend for this fiscal year is likely to be 8 yen per year in accordance with the Payout Table.

Earnings Estimates for FY2014

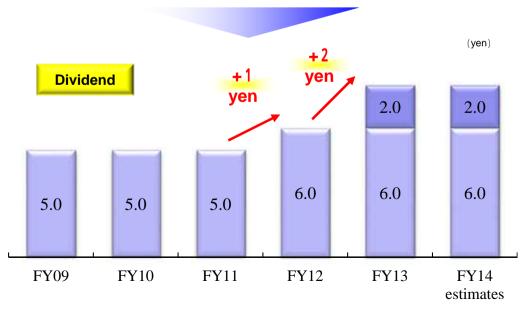
(Hundred million yen)

| | | 1H of FY14 (Results) | 2H of FY14 (plan) | FY14 (Estimates) | Change |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------|
| | Net interest income | 375 | 373 | 748 | -15 |
| | Net fees and commissions income | 93 | 97 | 190 | 4 |
| | Core gross operating profit | 468 | 470 | 938 | -11 |
| | (-) Expenses | 274 | 271 | 545 | -3 |
| Core banking profit | | 194 | 199 | 393 | -8 |
| | Gains/Losses on sec | -3 | 0 | -3 | 4 |
| | (-) Credit costs | -9 | 40 | 31 | 11 |
| Ordinary Profit | | 192 | 171 | 363 | -18 |
| Net income | | 127 | 108 | All-time high 235 | 10 |

| Consolidated ordinary profit | 194 | 172 | 366 | -28 |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|
| Consolidated net income | 128 | 110 | All-time high 238 | 9 |

Payout Table and Dividend Outlook for FY2014

| Consolidated net income | Dividend per share | | | Consolidated payout ratio |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------|------------------------------------|
| Consolidated not income | Stable | Peformance based | + | Consolidated payout failo |
| Above 24 - 27 billion | 6yen | 3yen | 9yen | 20.8% and over and less than 23.4% |
| Above 21 - 24 billion | 6yen | 2yen | 8yen | 20.8% and over and less than 23.8% |
| Above 18 - 21 billion | 6yen | 1yen | 7yen | 20.8% and over and less than 24.3% |
| 18 billion and below | 6yen | 0yen | 6yen | 20.8% and over |



Reference for this material

This material contains statements about future business performance.

These statements do not guarantee future business performance and are subject to uncertainties.

Please note that actual future business performance may differ from our goals depending on changes in the business environment and other factors.

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